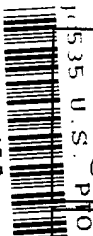




05/24/00



# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

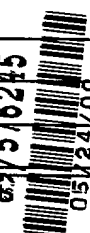
Attorney Docket No.

35.C14506

First Named Inventor or Application Identifier

SHIN MUTO

Express Mail Label No.

10002 U.S. PTO  
05/24/00

## APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

## ADDRESS TO:

Assistant Commissioner for Patent Applications  
Box Patent Application  
Washington, DC 202311. ☐ Fee Transmittal Form  
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)2. ☒ Specification Total Pages 3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) Total Sheets 4. ☒ Oath or Declaration Total Pages a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)b. ☐ Unexecuted for information purposesc. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))  
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)  
[Note Box 5 below]i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)Signed Statement attached deleting inventor(s)  
named in the prior application, see 37 CFR  
1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4c is checked)  
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the  
oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4c, is considered as being  
part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby  
incorporated by reference therein.6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission  
(if applicable, all necessary)a. ☐ Computer Readable Copyb. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

## ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement ☐ Power of Attorney  
(when there is an assignee)10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)  
(Should be specifically itemized)14. ☐ Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application  
Status still proper and desired15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)  
(if foreign priority is claimed)16. ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

## 18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

☒ Customer Number or Bar Code Label05514  
(Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here)or ☐ Correspondence address below

NAME					
Address					
City		State		Zip Code	
Country		Telephone		Fax	



CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	24-20 =	4	X \$ 18.00 =	\$ 72.00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(b))	6-3 =	3	X \$ 78.00 =	\$ 234.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable) (37 CFR 1.16(d))			\$260.00 =	\$ 0.00
				BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))	\$ 690.00
	Total of above Calculations =				\$ 996.00
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				
	TOTAL =				\$ 996.00

19. Small entity status

- a. ☐ A Small entity statement is enclosed
- b. ☐ A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
- c. ☐ Is no longer claimed.

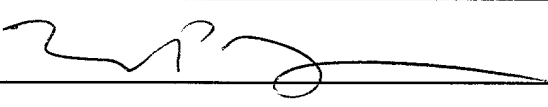
20. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 996.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.

21. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 40.00 to cover the recordal fee is enclosed.

22. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge the following fees to Deposit Account No. 06-1205:

- a. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.16.
- b. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.17.
- c. ☐ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.18.

**SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED**

NAME	Leonard P. Diana (Reg. No. 29,296)
SIGNATURE	
DATE	May 23, 2000

## DEVICE SEARCHING APPARATUS

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### Field of the Invention

5           The present invention relates to an apparatus for searching a device on a network.

#### Related Background Art

10           There is conventionally provided a directory service for efficiently finding and utilizing the resources (printer, server, scanner etc.) on the network. The directory service is so to speak a telephone directory on the network, and stores various information. An example of the directory system is LDAP (lightweight directory access protocol), which is  
15           defined in RC1777 issued by IETF. This directory service can be used, for example, for searching the device connected to the network, thereby obtaining the information (network address etc.) of the device available on the network.

20           In such conventional method, however, for example in case of searching a network printer and in case there are indicated plural devices matching the designated search condition such as the presence or absence of stapling function and the present or absence  
25           of two-sided printing function, it is difficult to judge which device is to be selected. Also in case there is no device matching the designated search

condition, there is indicated no device, so that the user has to execute the cumbersome search process by designating the search condition again until the usable device is found.

5

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In consideration of the foregoing, an object of the present invention is to provide a device searching apparatus capable of displaying the result of search for a device on the device, based on a condition designated by the user, in a form allowing easy selection by the user.

Another object of the present invention is to facilitate selection by the user of an optimum device among the devices acquired as the result of device search.

Further, the present invention allows to select the optimum device in consideration of the cost and the convenience of positional access, among the devices acquired as the result of device search.

The above-mentioned objects can be attained, according to the present invention, by a device searching server 112 in which, in case the search for the device on a network 100 based on a search request from a device search client 111 finds the device matching the search condition in excess of a predetermined number, there are added additional

information such as installation information or charge information to the search result.

Also in case there is no device matching the search condition, a device with a high frequency of use, based on the history of use, is outputted as the result of search.

Other objects of the present invention, and the features thereof, will become fully apparent from the following description which is to be taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a view showing an example of the configuration of a network on which a device searching system embodying the present invention can function;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuraton of the device searching server and the device searching client;

Fig. 3 is a view showing an example of the device information held by the device searching server;

Fig. 4 is a flowchart showing the function of the device searching server;

Fig. 5 is a flow chart showing the database searching operation of the device searching server;

Fig. 6 is a view showing an example of the research result outputted by the device searching server;

Fig. 7 is a view showing an example of display of the device searching client prior to device search;

Fig. 8 is a view showing an example of the search condition held in the device searching client;

5 Fig. 9 is a flow chart showing the function of the device searching client;

Fig. 10 is a flow chart showing a device search start operation of the device searching client;

10 Fig. 11 is a flow chart showing a device search receiving operation of the device searching client;

Fig. 12 is a view showing an example of display of the device searching client after device search;

15 Fig. 13 is a view showing an example of the search result which is transmitted by the device searching server to the device searching client;

Fig. 14 is a view showing an example of the use history information memorized by the printer; and

20 Fig. 15 is a view showing a memory map in a memory medium for the device searching software embodying the present invention.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

25 Now the present invention will be clarified in detail by preferred embodiments thereof, with reference to the accompanying drawings. The present invention is to search a network device of the attribute desired by the user by an easily understandable method and to

display the result of search in a format easily understandable to the user, and is particularly effective in executing the printing operation by connecting a mobile computer to a network in a location  
5 visited by the user.

Fig. 1 shows the configuration of a network on which the device searching system of the present invention can function. In Fig. 1 there are shown a color printer 101, an MFP (multi function peripheral)  
10 102 which is composed of a copying apparatus but can also function as a network printer, monochromatic printers 103, 104, a scanner 105 connected to the network, a desk-top computer (hereinafter called PC) 111, and a notebook computer (hereinafter called  
15 notebook PC) 113. These devices can execute the program of the device searching client of the present embodiment, and is adapted, as will be explained later, to issue inquiry information on a device satisfying the desired condition to the device searching server and to  
20 display the search result.

A PC 112 is capable of executing the program of the device searching server of the present embodiment and manages, as a database, the attribute information on the network devices 101 to 105.

25 The device searching server searches, from the above-mentioned database, a device matching the search condition received from the device searching client 111

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or 113 through the network, and returns the result of such search.

In the following description, the PC 112 capable of executing the program of the device searching server  
5 will be called the device searching server 112.

Among these devices, those 101, 102, 103, 112 and 120 are assumed to be installed on the second floor, while those 104 and 105 are assumed to be installed on the first floor. The notebook PC 113 is currently  
10 connected to a LAN 100 from the first floor, but may be detached therefrom owing to its portability. The network 100 connecting these devices is connected through a firewall 120 to the internet 130, and is further connected with another network 140 through the  
15 internet 130.

A location server 114 integrally manages the location information of the devices on the network, and stores information indicating the location of installation of each device (plain text information  
20 such as "second floor OA room") and image data indicating the location of installation.

A charge server 115 integrally manages the charge information of each device, and stores, for example in case of a printer, the unit price information for each  
25 of color printing, monochromatic printing and stapled printing.

The device information registered in the database

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of the searching server 112, the location information registered in the location server 114 and the charge information registered in the search server 115 are so constructed that there can be extracted the information on a device designated by common device identifying information.

Consequently, on the device registered in the database of the searching server 112, the above-mentioned identifying information can be used to acquire the location information and the charge information from the location server 114 and the charge server 115.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of the searching clients 111, 113 and the searching server 112, the configuration being similar to that of an ordinary personal computer. In Fig. 2, 200 indicates the entire PC on which a device searching software or a device searching server software (hereinafter collectively called device searching software), and is equivalent to 111, 112 or 113 in Fig. 1. The PC 200 is provided with a CPU 201 for executing the device searching software stored in a ROM 202 or a hard disk (HD) 211 or supplied from a floppy disk drive (FD) 212, and integrally controls the devices connected to a system bus 204. A RAM 203 functions as a main memory, a work area etc. for the CPU 201. A keyboard controller (KBC) 205 controls the

input of instruction from a keyboard (KB) 209 or an  
unrepresented pointing device. A CRT controller (CRTC)  
206 controls the display on a CRT display (CRT) 210. A  
disk controller (DKC) 207 controls the access to a hard  
5 disk (HD) 211 and a floppy disk controller (FD) 212,  
storing a boot program, various applications, editing  
files, user files and a network management program. A  
network interface card (NIC) 208 executes bidirectional  
data exchange with a network printer, other network  
10 equipment and other PC's through the LAN 220. The LAN  
220 is equivalent to the LAN 100 shown in Fig. 1.

In the following there will be explained the  
configuration and function of the device searching  
server 112. Fig. 3 shows an example of the  
15 configuration of the information database 300 on the  
network devices, managed by the searching server 112.

As shown in Fig. 3, in the database 300 there are  
registered attribute information 301 to 307, including  
a device name 301, a network address 302 of a printer,  
20 an object class 303 indicating the functional  
classification of the device, and a device type 304.  
The object class attribute is an essential attribute,  
that has to be registered at the registration of the  
device information on the database 300.

25 There are also attribute information 305  
indicating whether the color printing is supported, 306  
indicating whether the two-side printing is supported,

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and 307 indicating whether the stapling is supported.

The attribute information registered on the database 300 is static information showing no change in the attribute value or semi-static information showing  
5 little change in the attribute value.

The status of device showing frequent change in the attribute value such as information on the absence of sheet in the printer or the absence of toner is classified as dynamic information, which is not  
10 registered in the database 300.

Also the location information indicating the location of installation of the device and the charge information indicating the monetary charges for various services provided by the device are not frequently  
15 changed, but are preferably managed collectively. Therefore, the location information and the charge information are respectively registered in and managed by a location server 114 and a charge server 115.

The device search server 112 may also function as  
20 the location server 114 and the charge server 115.

The object class means the functional classification of the device, and, for example if a device is a printer, it is registered as printer class. Also if a device has a printing function, it may be  
25 registered as a device of the printer class, even if it is an MFP. On the other hand, the device type indicates the entire functions of the device, so that a

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single printer and an MFP are distinguished in the device type. In the columns 305 to 307, "1" indicates that the function is supported and "0" indicates that the function is not supported. Also "NA" indicates that the information relating to the corresponding attribute is not stored.

The data shown in Fig. 3 will be explained in more details by an example of the device registered in the first row of the table. The first row indicates that a device called "Mr. Color" is present at a network address 192.168.16.131, with a printing function, is constructed as a single printer, and has attributes supporting the color printing and stapling but not supporting the two-side printing function. In the present embodiment, the devices shown in the first to fifth rows of Fig. 3 respectively correspond to 101, 102, 103, 104 and 105 in Fig. 1.

In the following there will be explained the function of the device searching server 112 with reference to flow charts in Figs. 4 and 5. Fig. 4 is a flow chart showing the function of the device searching server 112. The discrimination and execution in this process are achieved, as a hardware, by a CPU 201 in the device searching server. When the device searching server 112 is activated, a step S401 opens a reception port for receiving a device searching request from a device searching client. When a search request is

received from the device searching client in this operation, the operating system issues a reception event, whereby the reception of the search request is informed to the program. Then a step S402 awaits  
5 information of any even from the operating system. When any event is informed, such event is acquired and the sequence proceeds to a next step. A next step S403 discriminates whether the event acquired in the step S402 is a system shutdown event. If so, a step S408  
10 closes the reception port and the sequence is terminated. If the step S403 identifies that the acquired event is not a shutdown event, a step S404 discriminates whether the event is an event of receiving an inquiry from the device searching client.  
15 If so, a step S405 refers to the database shown in Fig. 3 and the inquiry condition, thereby selecting an appropriate device. Then a step S406 returns the search result obtained in the step S405 to the device searching client. On the other hand, if the step S404  
20 identifies that the event is not an inquiry reception event, a step S407 executes a process other than the shutdown event or the inquiry reception event, such as an image renewal.

Fig. 5 is a flow chart showing the details of a  
25 database searching operation in the step S405 in Fig. 4. In brief, in the database searching step of the present embodiment, in case the device searching client

designates plural search conditions, there is employed a method of processing such plural conditions one by one, as indicated by an external loop starting from the step S501 and returning thereto through a NO branch of discrimination. An internal loop starting from the step S504 and returning thereto through a NO branch of discrimination is to scan all the registered information in the database for a search condition. In the following the process will be explained in detail, step by step. In the database searching operation, a step S501 discriminates whether all the search conditions have been processed, and, if not, the sequence proceeds to a step S503 for extracting a search condition from the information received from the device searching client. Then a step S504 discriminates whether all the database 300 on the network devices shown in Fig. 3 has been scanned. If scanned, the sequence returns to the step S501 for processing a next search condition. On the other hand, if the step S504 identifies that the database 300 has not yet been scanned, a step S505 extracts data of a device from the database 300 shown in Fig. 3. A next step S506 discriminates whether the data, extracted in the step S505, match the search condition. In case of matching, the sequence proceeds to a step S507, but, in case of non-matching, the sequence returns to the step S504 for continuing the process on the next device

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information registered in the database 300. A step  
S507 extracts the device name 301, network address 302  
and device type 304 from the information of the device  
identified to match the search condition in the step  
5 S506, and a next step S508 adds these data to the  
search result. After the process of the step S508, the  
processing on the currently considered search condition  
is terminated, and the sequence returns to the step  
S501 for continuing the process for a next search  
10 condition.

If the step S501 identifies that all the search  
conditions have been processed, the sequence proceeds  
to a step S509 for discriminating whether the number of  
the devices matching the search condition is at least  
15 equal to a predetermined threshold value.

If the number of the devices matching the search  
condition is at least equal to the threshold value  
(assumed as 2 in the present embodiment), the location  
information, charge information and status information  
20 the device are acquired for each of the devices  
matching the search condition. The location  
information and the charge information are acquired by  
making enquiries respectively to the location server  
114 and the charge server 115 with designation of the  
25 device, and by receiving responses thereto. The status  
information is acquired by making a direct inquiry to  
each device and by receiving a response therefrom.

Fig. 13 shows an example of the search result transmitted from the device search server to the device searching client, and showing the result of the device search by a search condition C2. In the illustrated example, the search condition is met by two devices, namely "second floor high-speed machine" and "first floor printer" and the above-mentioned threshold value is satisfied, so that the location information, the charge information and the status information of the device are added to the search result information.

20           The status information of the device is acquired  
by respective enquiries to the "second floor high-speed  
machine" and the "first floor printer" and obtaining  
replies therefrom.

25        If the number of the devices matching the  
searching condition in the Step S509 is less than the  
threshold value, a step S512 discriminates whether the  
device matching the search condition is further



present, and, if present, the sequence proceeds to the step S502 for returning the search result to the upper program, whereupon the sequence is terminated, but, if absent, the sequence proceeds to a step S513. A step  
5 S513 acquires the use history information of the devices, stored in the database of the searching server 112. Then a step S514 acquires, from the database, a device of the highest frequency of use in the past and adds such device as a recommended device to the search  
10 result. Then the step S502 returns the search result to the upper program whereupon the sequence is terminated.

Each device on the network memorizes the use history information of the own device in a non-volatile  
15 memory, and the search server 112 collects such history information for judging the frequency of use.

Fig. 14 shows an example of the use history information memorized by the printer, showing the storing mode of the number of use for each of the  
20 printing modes, such as A4 printing, color printing, two-side printing etc. The number of use may be measured by the number of prints or by the number of the accepted jobs.

The searching server 112, based on the search  
25 condition designated by the searching client, acquires the object class attribute as the essential attribute, then acquires the history information as shown in Fig.

14 from the device matching thus acquired object class,  
and adds the information of the device of the highest  
frequency of use to the result information.

For example, for the search condition CC3, it  
5 picks up the device matching a condition "object class:  
printer" from the database 300 and acquires the history  
information from the picked-up device.

Among the acquired history information, the device  
of the highest frequency of use is returned to the  
10 searching client as the result information.

The searching server may periodically collect the  
history information from the devices and stores such  
information in the hard disk 112, for judging the  
frequency of use.

15 Now there will be considered a case where the  
device searching client 111 or 113 requests a search  
for the device with printing function under the  
following three conditions:

condition C1 : color

20 condition C2 : two-side and staple

condition C3 : color, two-side and staple

Fig. 6 shows the result of search of the database  
shown in Fig. 3 according to the algorithm shown in  
Fig. 5. In Fig. 6, the condition C1 is matched by a  
25 device of a device name "Mr. Color" with a network  
address 192.168.16.131 and a device type: printer.  
Similarly the condition C2 is met by a device of a

device name "second floor high-speed machine" with a network address 192.168.16.132 and a device type: MFP. The condition C3 is not met by any device, and this result is indicated by "NULL".

- 5           In the following there will be explained the function of the device searching clients 111, 113. Fig. 7 shows an example of the image display in the device searching client, prior to the device search, wherein various information are displayed in a window
- 10   700. The user can execute selection on a search menu 701 with the keyboard 209 or an unrepresented pointing device, thereby making inquiry to the device searching server whether there is a device matching the condition.
- 15           A new addition menu 702, when selected by the user, displays an unrepresented dialog, on which the user can enter a desired search condition. In response a new device icon corresponding to the search condition is prepared and displayed on a column 703. In the
- 20   illustrated example, there are entered three search conditions, namely conditions C1 "color printing", C2 "two-side printing and staple", and C3 "color printing and two-side printing and staple", so that icons are displayed respectively corresponding thereto. All the
- 25   icons are displayed in the form of a printer, indicating that the search condition is an object class of printer. In case of search for an object class of

scanner, a scanner-shaped icon is displayed on the column 703. Also a question mark on the icon indicates that the presence of a device matching the condition is still undetermined. A column 704 indicates the status of a device, and the illustrated example indicates that the presence of a device matching the searching condition is currently undetermined. A column 705 indicates data relating to the device attribute among the search conditions. A column 706 indicates that the presence of a device matching the search condition is still undetermined. A column 707 shows additional information useful for the user in the device selection, and the information is displayed in this column when plural devices matching the search condition are found.

Fig. 8 shows an example of the search condition data designated in the display image shown in Fig. 7, and the present embodiment employs a description based on RFC1960 issued by IETF. In Fig. 8, 801 indicates the name of the search condition while 802 indicates the search condition, in which C1, C2 and C3 respectively correspond to the first, second and third rows of the search condition shown in Fig. 7. The search condition data, entered in the unrepresented dialog explained in Fig. 7, are stored in the format shown in Fig. 8 in the hard disk 211, and thus stored search condition data can be used without the entry of

the search condition again thereafter.

Fig. 9 is a flow chart showing the function of the device searching clients 111, 113. The program of the device searching client may also be executed on the device searching server 112. The program of the device searching client schematically functions in the following manner. This program functions as an event-driven program, which awaits an event until the system is closed and, when an event is generated, executes a process on such event. The main events include a system ending event, a device search request event, and a device search result receiving event. In the following there will be explained the steps of the program.

When the searching client is activated, at first a step S902 waits until an event is generated. When an event is generated, such event is acquired and the sequence proceeds to a step S902. A step S902 discriminates whether the event acquired by the step S901 is a system ending command, issued by the user through the keyboard 209 or the unrepresented pointing device. If it is identified that the user has issued the ending command, the program is terminated. On the other hand, if the step S902 identifies that the event is not an end command issuing command, a step S903 discriminates whether the event acquired in the step S902 is a device searching command issued by the

selection of the searching menu 701 by the user. If the event is identified as the issuance of a device searching command, the sequence proceeds to a step S904 for transmitting a device searching request to the  
5 device searching server 112.

On the other hand, if the step S903 identifies that the event is not the issuance of a device searching command, the sequence proceeds to a step S905. A step S905 discriminates whether the event  
10 acquired in the step S901 is a reception of the search result returned from the device searching server 112 in response to the device searching request transmitted in the step S904. If the event is identified as the reception of the returned result, the sequence proceeds  
15 to a step S906 for displaying the received search result in the window 700. After the step S906, the sequence returns to the step S901 for awaiting a next event. On the other hand, if the step S905 identifies that the event is not the reception of the returned  
20 result, the sequence proceeds to a step S907 for executing another process. Another process means, for example, redrawing of the display image for example at the starting of the program or when the user moves the window in the display image. After the step S907, the  
25 program returns to the step S901 for awaiting a next event.

Fig. 10 is a flow chart showing the details of a

search requesting operation S904 in the flow chart shown in Fig. 9. At first a step S1001 makes an access to the hard disk 211 for acquiring the search condition, registered in advance as explained in relation to Fig. 8. A next step S1002 transmits the search condition to the device searching server 112, thereby requesting the search for the network device.

In the present embodiment, the address of the device searching server is assumed to be already known, for example by storing a value, entered by the user through the keyboard 209, in the hard disk 211 and by reading such stored value, but such method is not restrictive. As an alternative, it is also possible to acquire the address from the network for example by utilizing a method such as double space in the programming language Linda.

Fig. 11 is a flow chart showing the details of a search result receiving operation S906 in the flow chart shown in Fig. 9. In this process, there are returned, from the searching server 112, information on the device matching each of the plural search conditions C1 to C3 shown in Fig. 8, and there is executed a display process on each of such information. At first a step S1101 discriminates whether all the received search results have been processed, and, if not, the sequence proceeds to a step S1102 for obtaining one of the received search results. A next

step S1103 checks the content of the search result  
taken out in the step S1102 and discriminates whether a  
network address has been acquired, thereby judging  
whether the device is usable. If the network address  
5 is acquired, the device is identified as usable and the  
sequence proceeds to a step S1104, for displaying the  
additional information based on the acquired  
information. After the step S1104, the sequence  
returns to the step S1101 for processing a next search  
10 result. On the other hand, if the step S1103  
identifies that the device is not available, the  
sequence proceeds to a step S1105 for displaying that  
the device is not usable.

When the step S1101 discriminates that all the  
15 search processes have been completed, the sequence is  
terminated.

Fig. 12 shows an example of the image display of  
the device search clients 111, 113 after the search  
operation. In comparison with the image prior to the  
20 search operation shown in Fig. 7, or the first search  
condition (color), there is found a device of a name  
"Mr. Color" and its network address etc. are displayed.  
For the second search condition (two-side and staple)  
there are found two devices "second floor high-speed  
25 machine" and "first floor printer", and there are  
displayed the network address etc. as well as the  
installation information charge information in the



column 707. Since the device matching the search information is found in a number at least equal to the threshold value ("2" in this case), the address information is displayed in order to facilitate the selection of the device by the user. As there has not been found a device matching the third search condition (color, two-side and staple), there is instead displayed the information of the "second floor high-speed machine" as the device of the highest frequency of use.

Thus the present embodiment allows to display the result of the device search on the network based on the user designated condition, in a format enabling easy selection by the user.

The above-described network device control program of the present invention may be installed from the exterior and executed by the PC 200. The present invention is applicable also to a case where an information group including a program is loaded into the PC 200, for execution therein, from a memory medium such as a CD-ROM or a floppy disk, or from an external memory medium through the electronic mail or the personal computer communication.

Fig. 15 shows an example of the memory map of a memory medium storing the program of the present embodiment, wherein a CD-ROM is assumed as the memory medium. A directory information storage area 9999

indicates the position of an installation program storage area 9998 and a network device control program storage area 9997. An area 9998 stores the installation program, and an area 9997 stores the network device control program. At the installation of the network control program of the present invention into the PC 200, at first an installation program stored in the area 9998 is loaded in the system and executed by the CPU 201. Then the installation program, executed by the CPU 201, reads the network control program from the area 9997 and stores it in the hard disk 211.

The present invention may be applied to a system or an integrated apparatus consisting of plural equipment (for example host computer, interface devices, reader etc.) or an apparatus consisting of a single equipment.

Also the objects of the present invention can naturally be attained in a case where the program codes of a software realizing the functions of the aforementioned embodiments are supplied to a system or an apparatus, and are read and executed by the computer (CPU or MPU) of the above-mentioned system or apparatus.

In such case the program codes read from the memory medium realize the functions of the aforementioned embodiments, and the memory medium

storing such program codes constitutes the present invention.

5 The memory medium storing such program codes can be, for example, a floppy disk, a hard disk, an optical disk, a magneto-optical disk, a CD-ROM, a CD-R, a magnetic tape, a non-volatile memory card or a ROM.

10 The present invention also includes such program codes not only in a case where the functions of the aforementioned embodiments are realized by the execution of the read program codes by the computer but also a case where an operating system or the like functioning on the computer executes all or a part of the actual processes under the control of such program codes thereby realizing the functions of the  
15 aforementioned embodiments.

20 The present invention further includes a case wherein the program codes read from the memory medium are once stored in a memory provided in a function expansion board inserted into the computer or a function expansion unit connected to the computer, and a CPU provided in the function expansion board or the function expansion unit executes all the process or a part thereof according to the instruction of such program codes, thereby realizing the functions of the  
25 aforementioned embodiments.

Also the present invention is naturally applicable to a case where the program codes of a software

004250" 54292550

realizing the functions of the aforementioned  
embodiments are delivered, from the memory medium  
storing such program codes, to the requesting person  
through a communication channel such as a personal  
5 computer communication.

As explained in the foregoing, the embodiment of  
the present invention displays also additional  
information in case the device search finds plural  
devices, so that the user is enabled to select an  
10 optimum device from such plural devices, based on such  
additional information.

Also, in case the device search finds plural  
devices, there are displayed the charge information and  
installation information of the devices as the  
15 additional information, so that the user is enabled to  
select an optimum device in consideration of the cost  
and the location convenience of access.

Also in case the search does not find the device  
matching the condition of search, there is displayed a  
20 device of a high frequency of use based on the use  
history, so that the procedure of searching again may  
be dispensed with.

004250" 54292550

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A device searching apparatus for searching a device on a network, comprising:

5 management means for managing a database including identification information for identifying the device on the network and attribute information associated thereto;

input means for entering a search condition for searching a desired device on the network;

10 search means for searching a device matching the entered search condition from said database;

15 output means for outputting, on a device matching the entered search condition, a search result including the identification information and the attribute information of such device; and

control means for controlling the information to be outputted to said search result, according to the number of the device matching the entered search condition.

20

2. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said control means is adapted, in case the number of the devices outputted in said search result is at least equal to a predetermined value, to add additional  
25 information on each of the devices outputted by said search result, to said search result.

004250" 5429/560

3. An apparatus according to claim 2, further comprising:

communication means for acquiring device  
information, registered corresponding to said  
5 identification information in another apparatus on said  
network, from said another apparatus;

wherein said control means is adapted to acquire,  
by said communication means, additional information on  
each of the devices outputted by said search result,  
10 and to add said additional information to said search  
result.

4. An apparatus according to claim 3, wherein  
said control means is adapted to acquire, from an  
15 apparatus managing location information of the devices  
on said network, the location information of each of  
the devices outputted by said search result, and to add  
said location information to said search result.

20 5. An apparatus according to claim 3, wherein  
said control means is adapted to acquire, from an  
apparatus managing charge information of the devices on  
said network, the charge information of each of the  
devices outputted by said search result, and to add  
25 said charge information to said search result.

6. A device searching apparatus for searching a

004290" 54292560

device on a network, comprising:

management means for managing a database including  
identification information for identifying the device  
on the network and static information associated  
5 thereto;

input means for entering a search condition for  
searching a desired device on the network:

search means for searching device matching the  
entered search condition from said database;

10 output means for outputting, on a device matching  
the entered search condition, a search result including  
the identification information and the static  
information of such device; and

control means for adding dynamic information to  
15 said search result, according to the number of the  
device matching the entered search condition.

7. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein  
said control means is adapted, in case the number of  
20 the devices outputted in said search result is at least  
equal to a predetermined value, to acquire dynamic  
information from the device matching the entered search  
condition and to add said dynamic information to said  
search result.

25

8. An apparatus according to claim 6, further  
comprising:

discrimination means for discriminating a device of a high frequency of use, based on the dynamic information relating to the use history collected from the devices on said network;

5            wherein said control means is adapted, in case the number of the devices matching the entered search condition is zero, to add the information of the device discriminated as the device of a high frequency of use to said search result.

10

9. A device searching method for searching a device on a network, comprising steps of:

managing a database including identification information for identifying the device on the network and attribute information associated thereto;

15

entering a search condition for searching a desired device on the network;

searching a device matching the entered search condition from said database;

20

outputting, on a device matching the entered search condition, a search result including the identification information and the attribute information of such device; and

controlling the information to be outputted to said search result, according to the number of the device matching the entered search condition.

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004250" 5429/550



10. A method according to claim 9, wherein said control step is adapted, in case the number of the devices outputted in said search result is at least equal to a predetermined value, to add additional  
5 information on each of the devices outputted by said search result, to said search result.

11. A method according to claim 10, further comprising:

10 receiving device information, registered corresponding to said identification information in another apparatus on said network, from said another apparatus;

15 wherein said control step is adapted to acquire, by said reception step, additional information on each of the devices outputted by said search result, and to add said additional information to said search result.

12. A method according to claim 11, wherein said  
20 control step is adapted to acquire, from an apparatus managing location information of the devices on said network, the location information of each of the devices outputted by said search result, and to add said location information to said search result.

25

13. A method according to claim 11, wherein said control step is adapted to acquire, from an apparatus

004250 54297560

managing charge information of the devices on said network, the charge information of each of the devices outputted by said search result, and to add said charge information to said search result.

5

14. A device searching method for searching a device on a network, comprising steps of:

managing a database including identification information for identifying the device on the network and static information associated thereto;

10

entering a search condition for searching a desired device on the network;

searching a device matching the entered search condition from said database;

15

outputting, on a device matching the entered search condition, a search result including the identification information and the static information of such device; and

adding dynamic information to said search result, according to the number of the device matching the entered search condition.

20

15. A method according to claim 14, wherein said control step is adapted, in case the number of the devices outputted in said search result is at least equal to a predetermined value, to acquire dynamic information from the device matching the entered search

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004250" 54292560

condition and to add said dynamic information to said search result.

16. A method according to claim 14, further  
5 comprising:

discriminating a device of a high frequency of use, based on the dynamic information relating to the use history collected from the devices on said network;

wherein said control step is adapted, in case the  
10 number of the devices matching the entered search condition is zero, to add the information of the device discriminated as the device of a high frequency of use to said search result.

17. A memory medium storing a computer program to  
15 be executed by a computer of a device searching apparatus for searching a device on a network, the computer program comprising steps of:

managing a database including identification  
20 information for identifying the device on the network and attribute information associated thereto;

entering a search condition for searching a desired device on the network;

searching a device matching the entered search  
25 condition from said database;

outputting, on a device matching the entered search condition, a search result including the

004250" 54292560

identification information and the attribute  
information of such device; and

controlling the information to be outputted to  
said search result, according to the number of the  
5 device matching the entered search condition.

18. A memory medium according to claim 17,  
wherein said control step is adapted, in case the  
number of the devices outputted in said search result  
10 is at least equal to a predetermined value, to add  
additional information on each of the devices outputted  
by said search result, to said search result.

19. A memory medium according to claim 18,  
15 wherein the computer program further comprises:

receiving device information, registered  
corresponding to said identification information in  
another apparatus on said network, from said another  
apparatus;

20 wherein said control step is adapted to acquire,  
by said reception step, additional information on each  
of the devices outputted by said search result, and to  
add said additional information to said search result.

25 20. A memory medium according to claim 19,  
wherein said control step is adapted to acquire, from  
an apparatus managing location information of the

004250" 54292560

devices on said network, the location information of each of the devices outputted by said search result, and to add said location information to said search result.

5

21. A memory medium according to claim 19, wherein said control step is adapted to acquire, from an apparatus managing charge information of the devices on said network, the charge information of each of the devices outputted by said search result, and to add said charge information to said search result.

10

22. A memory medium storing a computer program to be executed by a computer of a device searching apparatus for searching a device on a network, the computer program comprising steps of:

15

managing a database including identification information for identifying the device on the network and static information associated thereto;

20

entering a search condition for searching a desired device on the network;

searching a device matching the entered search condition from said database;

25

outputting, on a device matching the entered search condition, a search result including the identification information and the static information of such device; and

004250" 54292550

adding dynamic information to said search result,  
according to the number of the device matching the  
entered search condition.

5           23. A memory medium according to claim 22,  
wherein said control step is adapted, in case the  
number of the devices outputted in said search result  
is at least equal to a predetermined value, to acquire  
dynamic information from the device matching the  
10 entered search condition and to add said dynamic  
information to said search result.

24. A memory medium according to claim 22,  
wherein the computer program further comprises:  
15           discriminating a device of a high frequency of  
use, based on the dynamic information relating to the  
use history collected from the devices on said network;  
            wherein said control step is adapted, in case the  
number of the devices matching the entered search  
20 condition is zero, to add the information of the device  
discriminated as the device of a high frequency of use  
to said search result.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention provides an apparatus for searching a device on a network. The device searching server acquires a search condition from the device  
5 searching client, searches a device on the network and returns the search result to the device searching client. If the number of the device matching the search condition is at least equal to a predetermined number, additional information such as location  
10 information and charge information is added to the search result. Also if the device matching the search condition is absent, a device of a high frequency of use, determined on the use history, is outputted as the search result.

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004250" 5429/560

FIG. 1

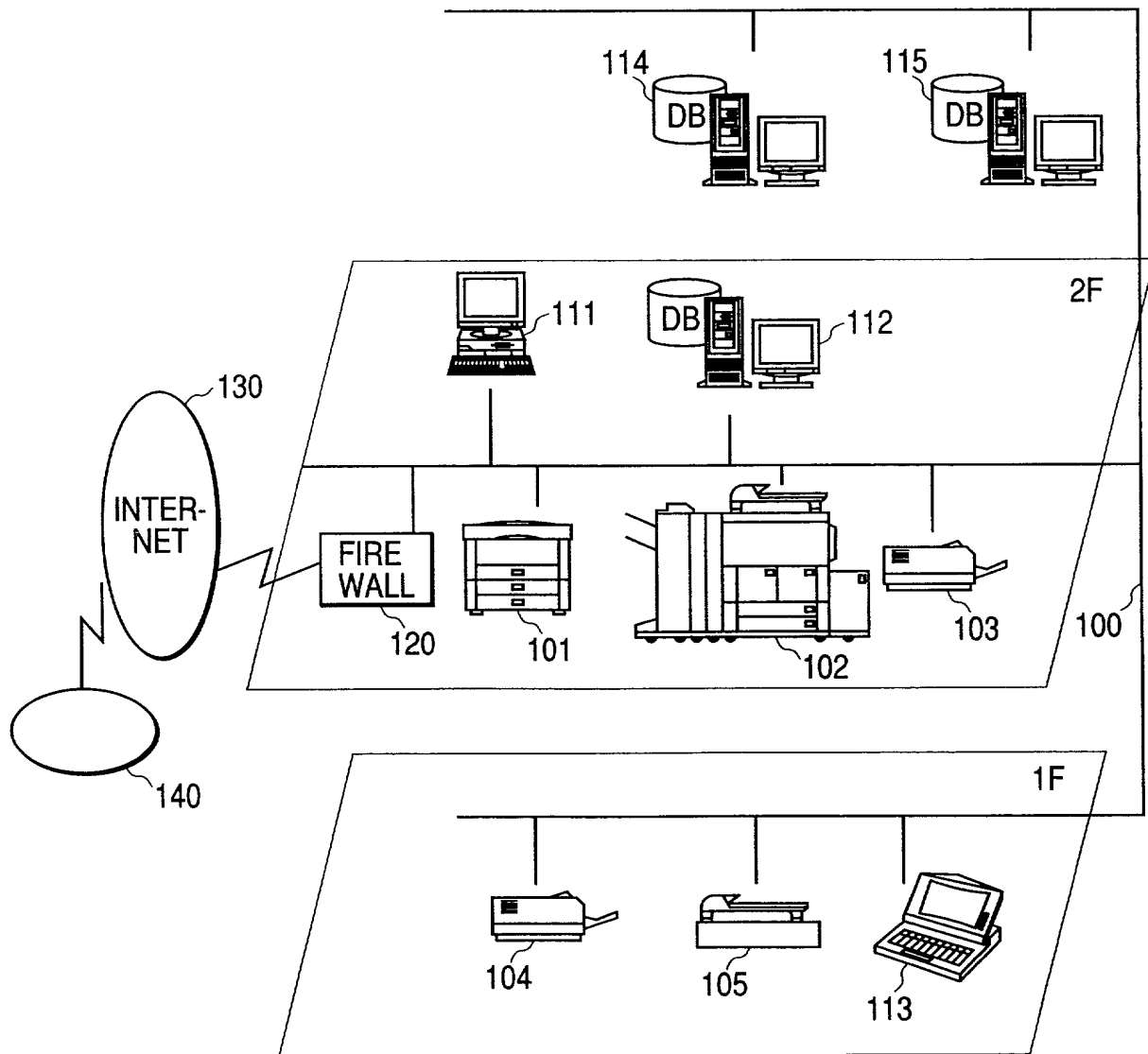




FIG. 2

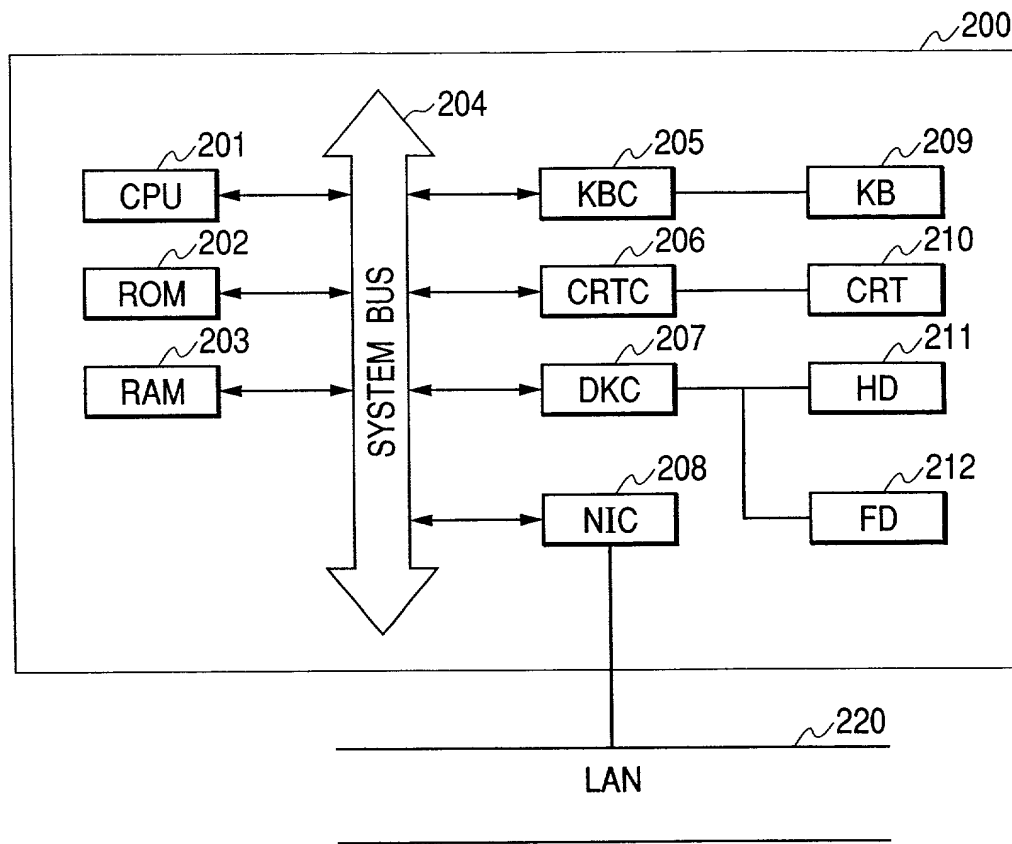


FIG. 3

300 {		301 {	302 {	303 {	304 {	305 {	306 {	307 {
DIRECTORY REGISTER INFORMATION		DEVICE NAME	NETWORK ADDRESS	OBJECT CLASS	DEVICE TYPE	COLOR	DOUBLE-SIDED PRINT	STAPLE
Mr. COLOR			192.168.16.131	printer	printer	1	0	1
SECOND FLOOR HIGH SPEED MACHINE			192.168.16.132	printer	MFP	0	1	1
DEVELOPMENT ROOM PRINTER			192.168.16.155	printer	printer	0	0	1
FIRST FLOOR PRINTER			192.168.16.156	printer	printer	0	1	1
SCAN			192.168.16.32	scanner	scanner	NA	NA	NA
...			...	...	...	...	...	...

FIG. 4

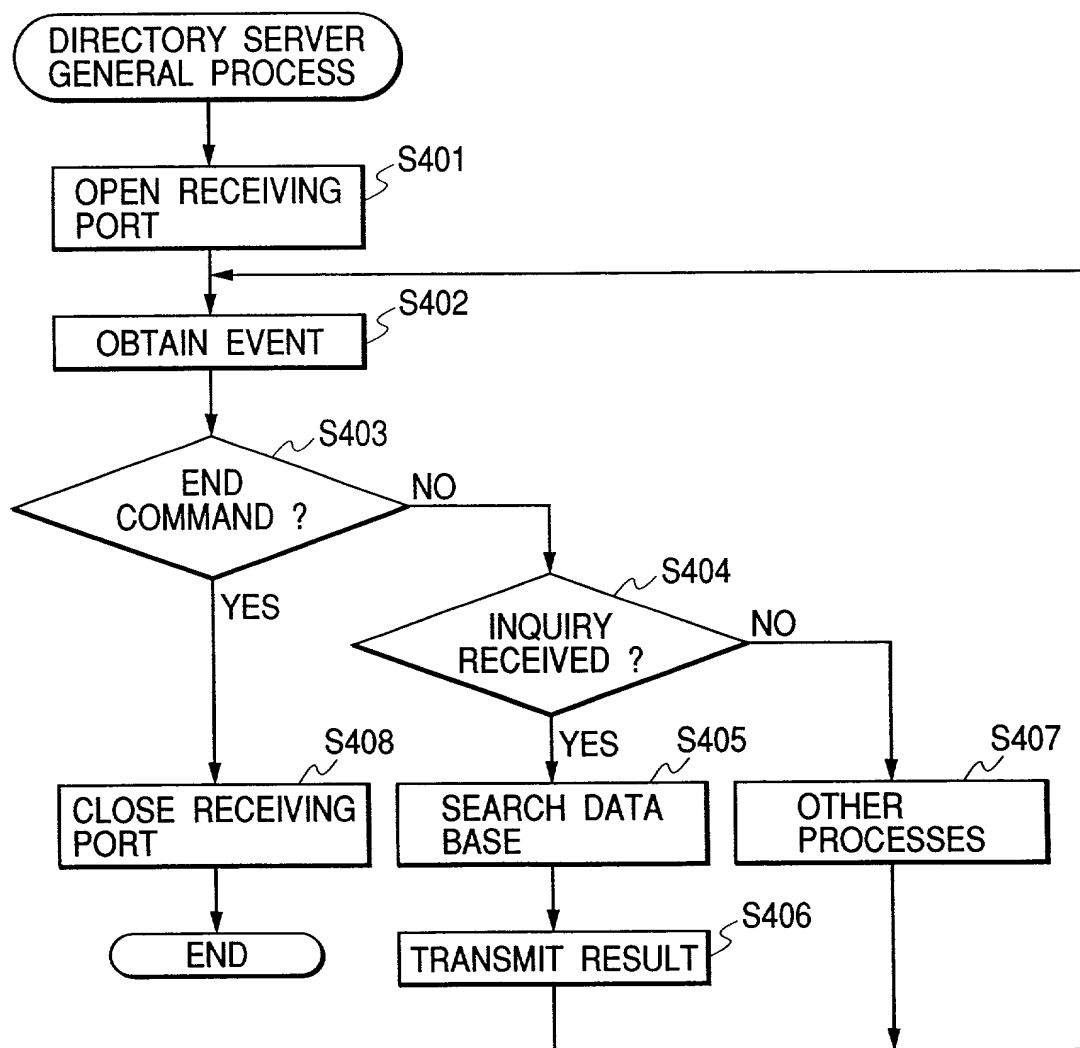
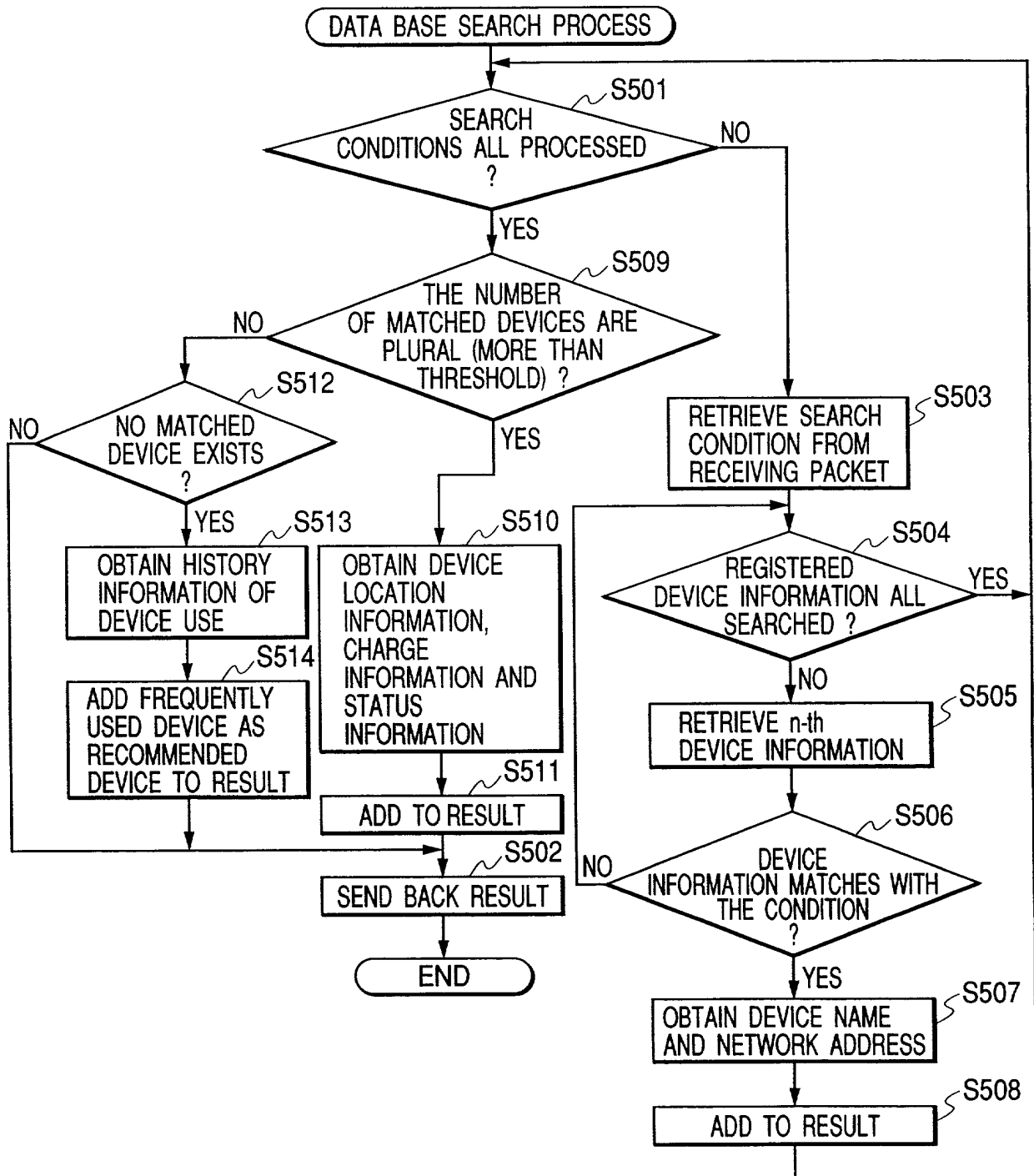


FIG. 5



**FIG. 6**

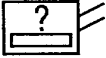
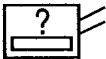
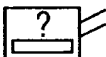
SEARCH RESULT 601	602	603	604
CONDITION NAME	DEVICE NAME	NETWORK ADDRESS	DEVICE TYPE
C1	Mr. COLOR	192.168.16.131	printer
C2	SECOND FLOOR HIGH SPEED MACHINE	192.168.16.132	MFP
C3	NULL	NULL	NULL

C1 : objectclass=printerANDcolor

C2 : objectclass=printerANDdouble-sidedANDstaple

C3 : objectclass=printerANDcolorANDdouble-sidedANDstaple

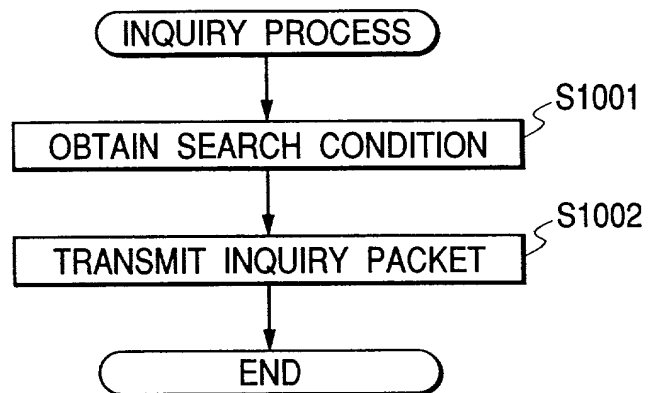
**FIG. 7**

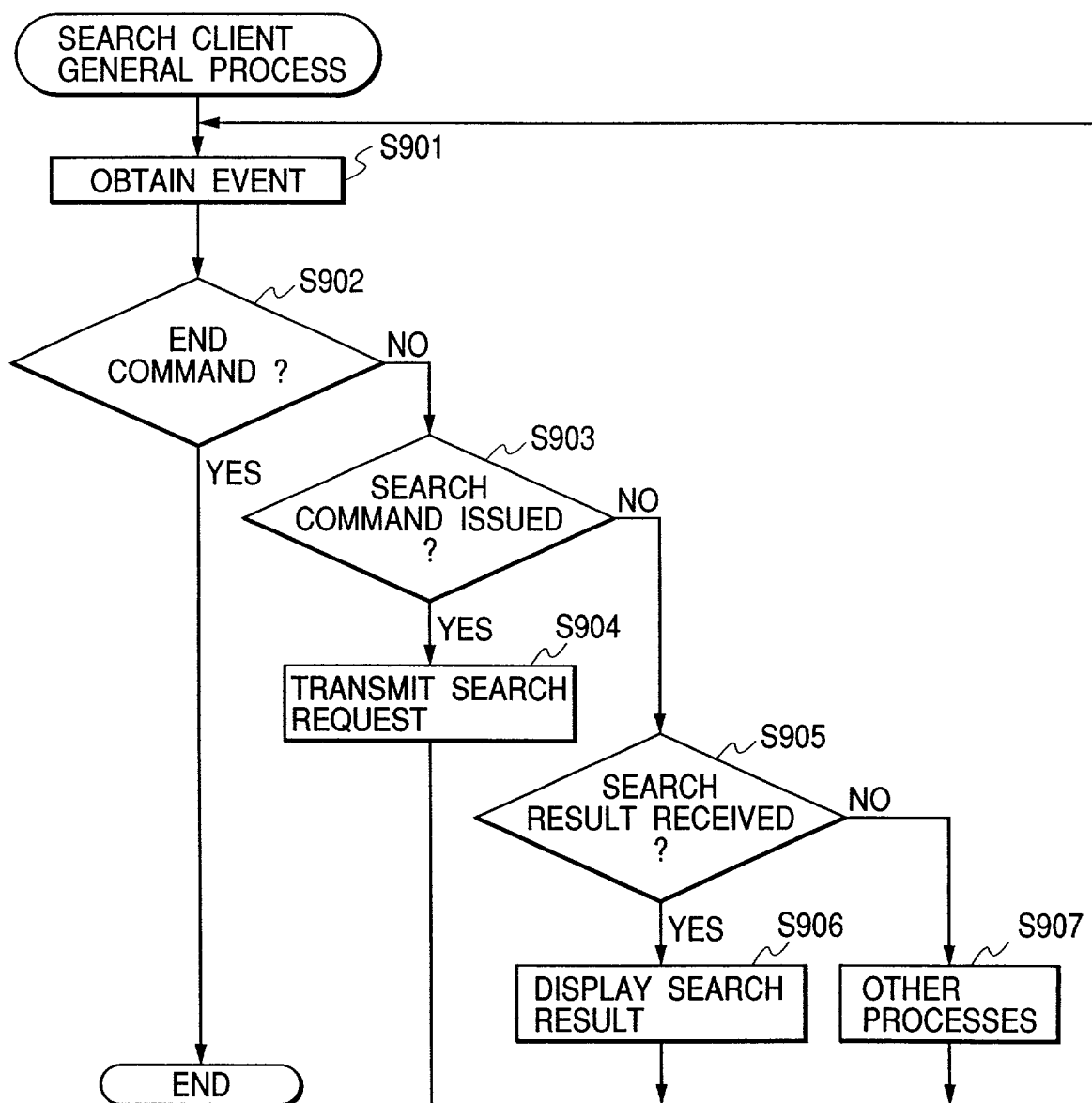
701 SEARCH...		702 NEW ADDITION...		700	
DEVICE	STATUS	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS	OTHERS	
	UNKNOWN	COLOR	UNKNOWN		
	UNKNOWN	DOUBLE-SIDED, STAPLE	UNKNOWN		
	UNKNOWN	COLOR, DOUBLE-SIDED, STAPLE	UNKNOWN		
703	704	705	706	707	

**FIG. 8**

CONDITION TABLE

801 CONDITION NAME	802 CONDITION FORMULA
C1	(& (objectclass=printer) (color=1)
C2	(& (objectclass=printer) (doubleSided=1) (staple=1))
C3	(& (objectclass=printer) (color=1) (doubleSided=1) (staple=1))

**FIG. 10**

**FIG. 9**

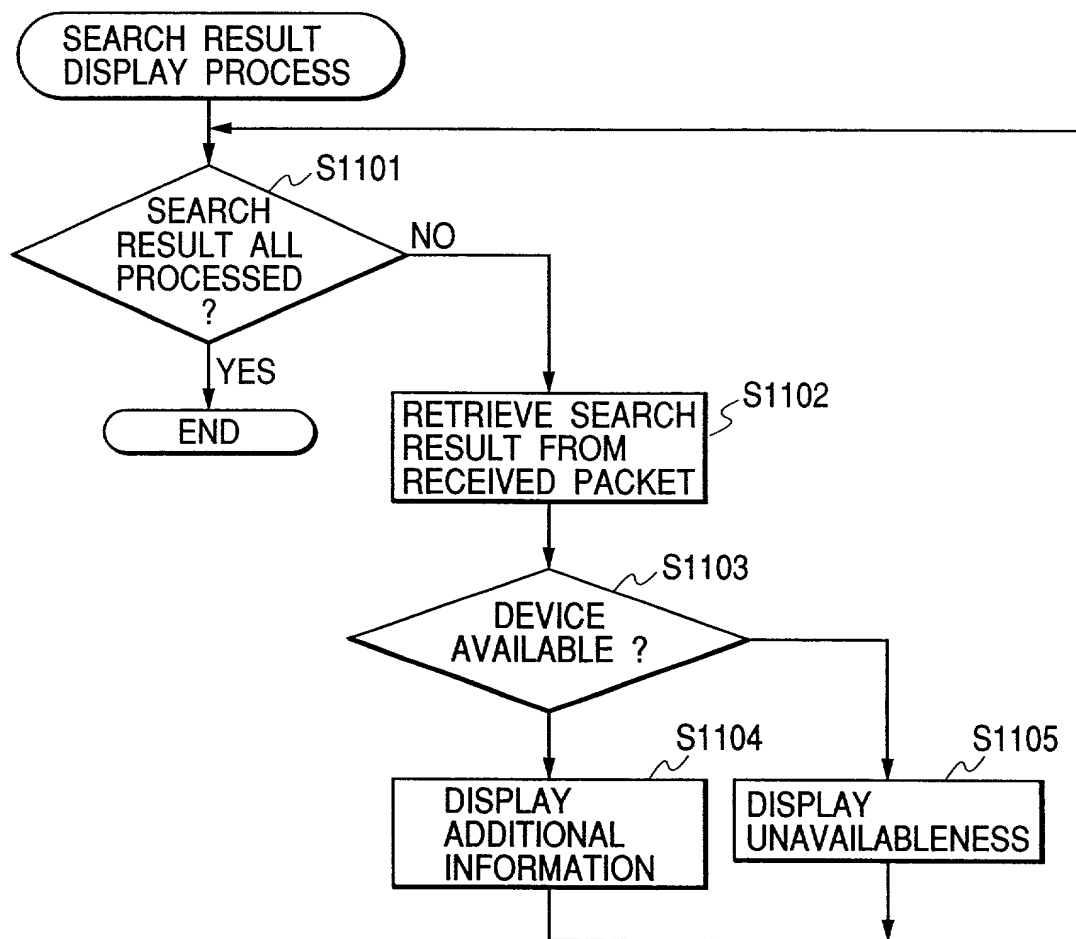
**FIG. 11**



FIG. 12





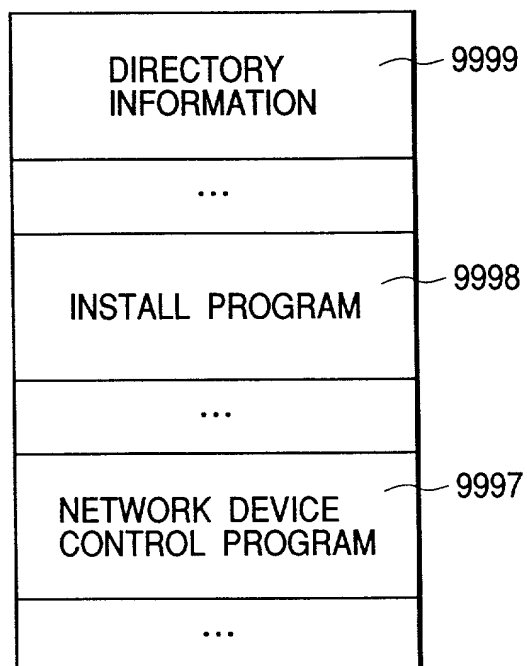
SEARCH... NEW ADDITION...									
CONDITION	DEVICE	STATUS	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS	LOCATION	UNIT COST	STATUS		
C1	 Mr. COLOR	AVAILABLE	COLOR	191.168.16.131					
C2	 SECOND FLOOR HIGH SPEED MACHINE	AVAILABLE	DOUBLE-SIDED, STAPLE	191.168.16.132	2F OA ROOM	¥10	READY		
	 FIRST FLOOR PRINTER	AVAILABLE	DOUBLE-SIDED, STAPLE	191.168.16.156	1F OA ROOM	¥10	TONER WARNING		
C3	 SECOND FLOOR HIGH SPEED MACHINE	NONE	DOUBLE-SIDED, STAPLE	191.168.16.132					

FIG. 13

1301	1302	1303	1304	1305	1306	1307	1308	1309	
DEVICE NAME	NETWORK ADDRESS	OBJECT CLASS	DEVICE TYPE	COLOR	DOUBLE- SIDED PRINT	STAPLE	LOCATION INFORMATION	CHARGE INFORMATION	STATUS
SECOND FLOOR HIGH SPEED MACHINE	192.168.16.132	printer	MFP	0	1	1	SECOND FLOOR OA ROOM	¥10	READY
FIRST FLOOR PRINTER	192.168.16.156	printer	printer	0	1	1	FIRST FLOOR OA ROOM	¥10	TONER WARNING

*FIG. 14*

MODE		THE NUMBER OF USE
SIZE	A4	1000
	B4	100
	A3	100
COLOR	MONOCHROME	900
	COLOR	300
DOUBLE-SIDED PRINT		200
STAPLE PRINT		100

*FIG. 15*

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR PATENT APPLICATION

(Page 1)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled DEVICE SEARCHING APPARATUS

the specification of which ☒ is attached hereto ☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as United States Application No. or PCT International Application No. \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) or §365(b), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT international application which designates at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Country	Application No.	Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)	(Yes/No) Priority Claimed
JAPAN	11-151906	31 May 1999	Yes

I hereby appoint the practitioners associated with the firm and Customer Number provided below to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and direct that all correspondence be addressed to the address associated with that Customer Number:

**FITZPATRICK, CELLA, HARPER & SCINTO**  
Customer Number: 05514

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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